

Smartcool Systems Inc. (TSX-V: SSC)
Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016
Expressed in Canadian Dollars

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

Smartcool Systems Inc.
Consolidated statements of financial position
(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	September 30 2017	December 31 2016
	\$	\$
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	67,257	3,317
Available-for-sale securities	6,316	8,210
Trade and other receivables (note 3)	607,291	211,499
Inventory (note 4)	185,299	140,979
Prepaid expenses and deposits	255,329	50,772
	<u>1,121,492</u>	<u>414,777</u>
Property and equipment	3,826	3,728
Intangible assets (note 5)	729,683	1,142,519
	<u>1,855,001</u>	<u>1,561,024</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Trade payables and accruals	1,017,119	908,881
Loans and advances (note 6)	100,860	485,191
Current portion of obligations under acquisition contracts (note 7)	345,282	292,292
Current portion of debentures (note 8)	100,953	280,574
	<u>1,564,214</u>	<u>1,966,938</u>
Obligations under acquisition contracts (note 7)	30,933	67,857
Deferred tax liability (note 10)	113,337	151,425
	<u>1,708,484</u>	<u>2,186,220</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (note 9(a))	32,431,539	32,081,862
Shares pending issue (note 9(d))	394,589	-
Reserve for equity settled share based transactions (note 9(b))	7,760,441	6,643,640
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(336,467)	(321,719)
	<u>40,250,102</u>	<u>38,403,783</u>
Deficit	<u>(40,103,585)</u>	<u>(39,028,979)</u>
	<u>146,517</u>	<u>(625,196)</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (deficiency)	<u>1,855,001</u>	<u>1,561,024</u>

Approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 24, 2017

"Theodore Konyi"
Theodore Konyi

"Dalton Larson"
Dalton Larson

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

**Smartcool Systems Inc.
Consolidated statements of operations**

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	307,538	81,547	655,279	250,897
Cost of sales	35,730	13,829	83,367	64,050
Gross profit	271,808	67,718	571,912	186,847
Operating Expenses				
General and administrative expenses (note 15)	433,092	269,044	1,012,732	811,678
Amortization and depreciation (note 5)	138,139	142,059	414,382	426,253
Share-based compensation (note 9(b))	196,780	5,702	197,085	36,983
Research and development	-	-	-	2,027
	768,011	416,805	1,624,199	1,276,941
Operating loss	(496,203)	(349,087)	(1,052,287)	(1,090,094)
Finance expense	(14,892)	(24,191)	(79,816)	(81,138)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	48,342	(12,598)	24,721	44,486
Loss on sale of available-for-sale securities	(4,135)	-	(4,135)	-
	29,315	(36,789)	(59,230)	(36,652)
Loss before income tax	(466,888)	(385,876)	(1,111,517)	(1,126,746)
Income tax recovery	12,720	12,696	36,912	38,088
Net loss for the period, net of tax	(454,168)	(373,180)	(1,074,605)	(1,088,658)
Net loss per share				
Basic	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (basic and diluted)	179,978,005	135,848,172	162,004,317	128,882,336

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Smartcool Systems Inc.
Consolidated statements of comprehensive loss
 (Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net loss for the period	(454,168)	(373,180)	(1,074,605)	(1,088,658)
Other comprehensive loss	(65,222)	8,913	(14,748)	29,166
Total comprehensive loss	(519,390)	(364,267)	(1,089,354)	(1,059,492)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Smartcool Systems Inc. Consolidated statements of cash flows

(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified)

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net loss for the period	(454,167)	(373,180)	(1,074,605)	(1,088,659)
Items not affecting cash:				
Depreciation of property and equipment	527	4,448	1,546	13,417
Amortization of intangible assets	137,612	137,612	412,836	412,836
Loss on sale of available-for-sale securities	4,135	-	4,135	-
Share-based compensation	196,780	5,702	197,085	36,983
Deferred tax liability	(12,696)	(12,696)	(38,088)	(38,088)
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(6,386)	(3,743)	(1,303)	(68,918)
Accrued interest on short-term loans	6,754	11,161	38,044	31,200
Accrued interest on debentures	3,130	7,567	16,340	28,177
Accretion of obligation under acquisition contract	3,327	5,464	12,797	19,773
	(120,983)	(217,665)	(431,214)	(653,278)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:				
Trade and other receivables	(337,221)	48,889	(395,792)	167,933
Inventory	44,667	9,059	(44,320)	(83,115)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(102,227)	583	(204,557)	54,033
Trade payables and accruals	98,077	(25,398)	108,238	(27,756)
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(417,687)	(184,532)	(967,645)	(542,183)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Disposition of security investment	-	-	-	-
Disposal of property and equipment	-	-	-	-
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,419.19)	(1312)	(1,419)	(1,312)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,419.19)	(1312)	(1,419)	(1,312)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Shares and warrants issued for cash net of issue costs	492,452	151,572	1,269,393	439,312
Shares pending issue	(95,998)	-	-	-
Short-term loan	40,371	46,368	(25,678)	96,368
Decrease in debentures	(82,740)	(9,656)	(195,962)	(9,656)
Decrease in acquisition contract obligation	0	0	0	0
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	354,085	188,284	1,047,753	526,024
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(65,021)	2439	78,689	(17,472)
Effects of exchange rates changes on cash	(59,067)	4861	(14,748)	21,061
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	191,346	14,767	3,317	18,478
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	67,257	22,068	67,257	22,068

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Smartcool Systems Inc.
Consolidated statements of shareholders' equity (deficiency)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	Share capital	Reserve for equity settled share based transactions	Share pending issue	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Deficit	Total Shareholders' Equity (Deficiency)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at January 1, 2016	31,672,684	6,547,080	52,250	(380,654)	(37,362,221)	529,139
Net loss					(1,088,658)	(1,088,658)
Available-for-sale securities unrealized loss				8,105		8,105
Foreign currency translation adjustment				21,061		21,061
Total comprehensive loss for the period				29,166	(1,088,658)	(1,059,492)
Shares issued for:						
Private placement	366,375					366,375
Warrants exercised	4,387	(4,387)				-
Warrants		64,424				64,424
Shares subscribed	52,250		(52,250)			-
Share issue costs	(13,959)	(2,528)				(16,488)
Share-based compensation		36,983				36,983
Balance at September 30, 2016	32,081,737	6,641,572	-	(351,488)	(38,450,879)	(79,058)
Net loss					(578,100)	(578,100)
Available-for-sale securities unrealized loss				(6,050)		(6,050)
Transfer to statement of operations on sale of available-for-sale securities				14,000		14,000
Foreign currency translation adjustment				21,819		21,819
Total comprehensive loss for the period				29,769	(578,100)	(548,331)
Shares issued for:						
Private placement						-
Warrants exercise		(8,358)				(8,358)
Shares cancelled	-					
Shares subscribed						
Warrants		7,559				7,559
Share issue costs	125	799				924
Share-based compensation		2,068				2,068
Balance at December 31, 2016	32,081,862	6,643,640	-	(321,719)	(39,028,979)	(625,196)
Net loss					(1,074,605)	(1,074,605)
Available-for-sale securities unrealized gain				2,105		2,105
Transfer to statement of operations on sale of available-for-sale securities				6,000		-
Foreign currency translation adjustment				(16,853)		(16,853)
Total comprehensive loss for the period				(14,748)	(1,074,605)	(1,089,353)
Shares issued for:						
Private placements	783,508					783,508
Warrants exercise	19,616					19,616
Warrants		547,685				547,685
Warrants' term extension	(399,215)	399,215				-
Share issue costs	(54,232)	(27,184)				(81,416)
Share for debt			394,589			394,589
Share-based compensation		197,085				197,085
Balance at Sep 30, 2017	32,431,539	7,760,441	394,589	(336,467)	(40,103,584)	146,517

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Smartcool Systems Inc.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017

(expressed in Canadian dollars, except where otherwise indicated)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Smartcool Systems Inc. (“Smartcool” or the “Company”), was incorporated on August 31, 2000 under the Canada Business Corporations Act and changed its name to Smartcool Systems Inc. on July 20, 2004.

In 2004, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned subsidiary, Smartcool Systems (USA) Inc. (“Smartcool USA”), in Nevada. In 2006, a wholly-owned subsidiary Smartcool International Inc. (“Smartcool International”) was incorporated in Barbados. In 2008, a wholly-owned subsidiary, Smartcool Systems (EMEA) Ltd. (“Smartcool EMEA”), was incorporated in England. In 2011, Smartcool EMEA acquired all of the outstanding shares of Smartcool Systems UK (“Smartcool UK”), also headquartered in England.

Smartcool EMEA and Smartcool UK were discontinued through voluntary liquidation in September 2014 and a new wholly-owned subsidiary, Lenten Street Limited (“Lenten Street”), was incorporated in England in October 2014.

The Company’s shares are listed on the TSX Venture Exchange and the head office, principal address, and registered office is located at 2848 W. 22nd Avenue, Vancouver, B.C.

Smartcool and its subsidiaries are focused on acquiring, commercializing, and marketing energy saving technologies for commercial and retail businesses. Currently the Company has two principal revenue streams: the sale and installation of the ESM™ and ECO3™ to end customers and to distributors worldwide.

The ESM™ is manufactured by a third party in Australia and is designed specifically to reduce the electricity consumption and maximum demand of refrigeration and air conditioning compressors by improving their performance and maintaining temperature control. The ESM™ uses microprocessor technology and software algorithms.

Introduced in early 2009, the ECO3™ is manufactured in China and is a simple retrofit product that can be installed on any air conditioning, heat pump or refrigeration unit with one or two compressors, achieving the same energy efficiency gains as the ESM™ for these smaller systems.

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, the Company had a net loss of \$454,168 compared to \$373,180 for the same period of 2016. Net loss for the nine months was \$1,074,605 compared to \$1,088,658 for the same period of 2016.

The company had a deficit of \$40,103,585 as at September 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$39,028,979). As at September 30, 2017, the Company had negative working capital of

\$442,722 (December 31, 2016 - \$1,552,161). This increase in working capital was attributable to equity financing obtained through non-brokered private placements in March, June and September 2017, partially offset by operating loss. To ensure that the Company continues to be a going concern over the next twelve months a new commission-based sales network in North America has been established to generate recurring revenue. The Company also closed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement in November 2017 for \$451,000 (note 17).

The Company's ultimate success and the recoverability of its assets will depend on the Company's ability to successfully execute its business plan which includes a growing market for its products, achieving profitable operations, meeting its business acquisition obligations, the continued support of the Company's shareholders and employees, and the continued support from creditors with whom negotiations have been made and waivers obtained.

Management is aware, in making its assessment, that these material uncertainties are related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the carrying value of assets and liabilities which may be required should the Company be unable to raise adequate financing or meet current obligations and therefore be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Statement of Compliance

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards 34, Interim Financial Reporting. They do not include all the necessary annual disclosures as prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards and should be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2016.

The Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as explained in Note 15, and are presented in Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated.

Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. These consolidated financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout these consolidated financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future

occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and further periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the consolidated statement of financial position date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- The determination of sales and related costs used in the cash flow projections for the purpose of assessing the carrying amount of the intangible assets.

Critical judgments in applying the Company's accounting policies relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- Useful lives of intangible assets with finite lives – the determination that there are no indicators suggesting that the useful lives and/or that the method of calculating amortization require revision;
- Unlimited life of the ESM brand – the determination that useful life of the ESM brand remains unlimited;
- Impairment of intangible assets – the determination that there are no indicators of impairment indicating that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount;
- Analysis of the functional currency for each entity of the Company; and
- Ability to continue as a going concern – the determination that the Company will continue as a going concern for the next year.

Basis of Consolidation

The Company consolidates subsidiaries controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Smartcool USA, Smartcool International and Lenten Street. They also include the accounts of Smartcool EMEA from April 2008 and Smartcool UK from February, 2011, until they were discontinued through voluntary liquidation in September 2014. All inter-company transactions, balances, revenues and expenses, have been eliminated. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent Company, using consistent accounting policies, in all material aspects.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale and installation of the ESM™ and ECO3™ is recognized when the ESM™ and ECO3™ have been installed, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the equipment have been transferred to the customer, the Company does not retain continuing

managerial involvement or effective control over the equipment, the sales price can be determined and collection is probable, and the cost of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from the international distribution of the ESM™ and ECO3™ is recognized when the equipment has been shipped, title has been transferred, the sales price has been determined and the cost of the equipment can be measured reliably. Revenue is also recognized when equipment has been ordered and laid away as instructed by the customer, the sales price has been determined and a significant portion of it has been paid. Provisions are established for estimated warranty costs at the time revenue is recognized. The Company records deferred revenue when cash is received in advance of the above revenue recognition criteria being met.

Share-based Payments

The fair value of all stock options granted to employees is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, and the resulting value is charged to operations over the vesting period. Volatility rate is determined based on the trading history of the Company's shares for the relevant period and interest rate is based on Canadian bond rates.

The fair value of options granted to non-employees is determined using the fair value of the goods or services received. The resulting value is charged to operations when a performance commitment is made or the options are fully vested and non-forfeitable, whichever is earliest, and the expense is recognized over the period in which the goods or services from the non-employees are received. To estimate the fair value of options granted to non-employees, management considers primarily the fees management would be willing to pay in cash for the service if no options were granted.

A corresponding increase in equity, the reserve for equity settled share-based transactions, is recorded when stock options are expensed. When stock options are exercised, share capital is credited by the sum of the consideration paid and the related portion previously recorded in the reserve is reversed. At the time of grant, the expense is determined based on estimated forfeiture rate. The expense will be adjusted to recognize the effect of actual forfeitures as they occur. The fair value of warrants issued to agents for their finder's fee is based on the fair value of the services provided and charged to share issuance costs.

When the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognized for any modification which increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Intangible Assets

a. Research and development

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs are expensed as incurred unless they can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use the asset.

b. Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the statement of operations.

c. Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are recorded at cost and include the ESM™ brand, ESM™ intellectual property, distribution rights, distribution agreements, supplier agreements and customer relationships. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. The ESM™ brand has been determined to have an indefinite life and is not amortized. The remaining intangible assets with finite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis. The useful lives of the intangible assets have been assessed as follows:

Intellectual property - ESM™	13.5 years
Intellectual property - SmartACR	10 years
Distribution rights - North American	10 years
Distribution rights - TECC and United Kingdom	9.5 - 12 years
Distribution agreements	13.5 - 15 years
Supplier agreements	13.5 years
Customer relationship	12 years

Residual value and estimated useful lives are reviewed on a periodic basis. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Impairment

a. Property, equipment and intangible assets with a finite useful life

Property, equipment and intangible assets with a finite life are assessed for indications of impairment at the end of each reporting period. If such indications exist, then the recoverable amount of the asset or cash-generating unit (“CGU”) is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses recognized in respect to CGU's are first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGUs, and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit on a pro-rata basis. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss for the period they are identified.

b. Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life

Intangible assets with an indefinite life are reviewed and tested for impairment annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The asset is written down when the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The ESM™ brand is considered to have an indefinite life as the Company has a global market and there is no direct competition for its instinctive green technology.

c. Financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), are assessed for indicators of impairment at each period end. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted.

Impairment of financial assets carried at amortized cost, is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of all financial assets, excluding trade and other receivables, is directly reduced by the impairment loss. Uncollectible amounts in trade and other receivables are written off against the allowance account.

Available-for-sale financial assets are impaired if the cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) is greater than the current fair value, less any impairment previously recognized.

Reversal of Impairment

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized. An impairment loss with respect to goodwill is never reversed.

For all other financial assets carried at amortized cost in which impairment was previously recognized, if subsequent measurement indicates that the recorded impairment has decreased, and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, then the reversal of the impairment is recognized in the statement of operations. On the date of the impairment reversal, the carrying value of the financial asset cannot exceed its amortized cost had impairment not been recognized.

Financial Instruments

a. Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: FVTPL, held to maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets, and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as FVTPL when the financial asset is held for trading or is designated as FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading when it is purchased and incurred with the intention of generating profits in the near term, part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments that the Company manages and has an actual pattern of short-term profit-taking, or is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Financial assets classified as FVTPL are stated at fair value with any resulting gain or loss recognized in profit or loss. Transaction costs are expensed in the period in which the costs are incurred.

The Company's only financial asset classified as FVTPL is cash and cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash with maturities of three months or less when purchased. The Company did not hold any cash equivalents as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

ii. Held to maturity investments

Held to maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Transaction costs are added and amortized to the statement of operations over the life of the financial instrument on an effective yield basis.

The Company classifies short-term investments of interest bearing term deposits with maturity dates of more than three months as held to maturity investments. Interest on these term deposits is recognized in the statement of operations using the effective interest method.

The Company did not hold any held-to-maturity investments as at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

iii. Available-for-sale financial assets

Financial assets classified as available-for-sale are carried at fair value (where determinable based on market prices of actively traded securities) with changes in fair value (being unrealized gains or losses) recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income. On disposal of, or if there is an other-than-temporary impairment of, an available for sale financial asset, the deferred cumulative amount

included in accumulated other comprehensive income relating to that particular financial asset is recognized in gain or loss in the statement of operations.

The Company held common shares of ATI Airtest Technologies Inc., a venture company traded on the TSX Venture exchange. In the third quarter of 2017, 200,000 shares were disposed for proceeds of \$5,865, resulting in a realized loss of \$4,135. As at September 30, 2017 these shares had market value of \$6,316 (December 31, 2016 – \$8,210).

iv. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. The Company classifies trade and other receivables as loans and receivables.

v. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when the contractual right to the asset's cash flows expires or if the Company transfers the financial asset and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership to another entity.

b. Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

i. Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortized cost, with any resulting premium or discount from the face value being amortized to income or expense using the effective interest method.

The Company classifies trade payables and accruals, loans and advances, obligations under acquisition contracts and debentures as other financial liabilities.

ii. Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expired. A substantial modification of the terms of a financial liability or a part of it is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

Share Purchase Warrants

The Company issues common shares and share purchase warrants as a unit as well as units of debenture and share purchase warrants. The unit price is allocated to common shares and warrants based on their relative fair values. The residual method is used to allocate the value of debentures and warrants. The fair value of common shares is the market price on the date of

issue and the fair value of warrants is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. Because the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share price, changes in subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate.

The Company also issues warrants to agents as compensation for services. The fair value of these warrants is determined to be the difference between agent's standard all-cash compensation and compensation with warrants. Warrants are also issued as non-cash consideration for business acquisitions. The fair value of these warrants is determined based on Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

Changes in Accounting Policies

As of January 1, 2017, the Company adopted the following IFRS standards and amendments:

Standard	Title
IAS 1 (Amendments)	Presentation of financial statements (amendments)

Accounting Standards Issued but not yet Effective

At the date of authorization of these consolidated financial statements, the IASB and IFRIC have issued new and revised standards and amendments which are not yet effective. Below is a list of new standards that are likely to be relevant to the Company. However, management has yet to assess the impact of these standards on the Company's operations:

Standard	Title	Applicable for financial years beginning on/after
IFRS 9	Financial instruments	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15	Revenue from contracts with customers	January 1, 2018
IFRS 16	Leases	January 1, 2019

3. Trade Receivables

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Trade receivables, net of allowances for doubtful accounts	\$ 586,265	\$ 196,219
Other receivables	21,027	15,280
	\$ 607,291	\$211,499

As at September 30, 2017, the allowance for doubtful accounts was \$146,645 (US\$117,504) (2016 - \$157,772).

Other receivables includes \$5,000 (2016 - \$5,000) from the former President of the Company relating to an advance for travel expenses.

4. Inventory

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
ESM ^{1M} ECO ^{31M}	\$127,330	\$137,820
Other products	57,969	3,159
	\$185,299	\$140,979

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, total inventories of \$20,562 were recognized as costs of sales (September 30, 2016 - \$12,346).

5. Intangible Assets

Indefinite Lives

As at September 30, 2017, ESM™ brand (b) had a carrying value of \$56,100 (2016 - \$56,100) and is not subject to amortization due to having an indefinite useful life.

Definite Lives

	Cost						Total
	North American distribution rights	Intellectual property	Distribution agreements	Supplier agreements	EMEA & UK distribution rights	Customer relationship	
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 286,718	\$124,100	\$1,861,742	\$113,651	\$5,152,218	\$1,211,369	\$8,749,798
Acquisition	-	25,000	-	-	-	-	25,000
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	40,302	-	-	-	-	-	40,302
Balance at December 31, 2015	327,020	149,100	1,861,742	113,651	5,152,218	1,211,369	8,815,100
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	(7,434)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,434)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 319,586	\$149,100	\$ 1,861,742	\$113,651	\$5,152,218	\$1,211,369	\$ 8,807,666
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates	(17,046)	-	-	-	-	-	(17,046)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ 302,540	\$149,100	\$ 1,861,742	\$113,651	\$5,152,218	\$1,211,369	\$8,790,621

Accumulated Amortization and Impairment

	North American distribution rights	Intellectual property	Distribution agreements	Supplier agreements	EMEA & UK distribution rights	Customer relationship	Total
	Balance at January 1, 2015	\$286,718	\$93,074	\$1,399,027	\$85,243	\$3,758,735	\$955,435
Amortization	-	8,291	119,706	5,680	374,834	51,188	559,699
Effect of change in foreign exchange rate	40,302	-	-	-	-	-	40,302
Balance at December 31, 2015	327,020	101,365	1,518,733	90,923	4,133,569	1,006,623	7,178,233
Amortization	-	8,708	119,812	5,684	365,056	51,188	550,448
Effect of change in foreign exchange rate	(7,434)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,434)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$319,586	\$110,073	\$ 1,638,545	\$ 96,607	\$4,498,625	\$ 1,057,811	\$7,721,247
Amortization	-	6,531	89,859	4,263	273,793	38,391	412,836
Effect of change in foreign exchange rate	(17,046)	-	-	-	-	-	(17,046)
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$302,540	\$116,604	\$1,728,404	\$100,870	\$4,772,417	\$1,096,202	\$8,117,037

Carrying Value							
	North American distribution rights	Intellectual property	Distribution agreements	Supplier agreements	EMEA & UK distribution rights	Customer relationship	Total
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ -	\$31,026	\$462,715	\$28,408	\$1,393,483	\$255,934	\$2,171,566
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ -	\$47,735	\$343,009	\$22,728	\$1,018,649	\$204,746	\$1,636,867
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ -	\$39,027	\$223,197	\$17,044	\$653,593	\$153,558	\$1,086,419
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ -	\$32,496	\$133,338	\$12,782	\$379,801	\$115,167	\$673,583

a. ESM™ Intellectual Property and worldwide distribution rights

The Company acquired intangible assets in relation to the acquisition of Abbotly Technologies Inc. in March 2006.

b. Distribution Rights from TECC Services

In July 2008, the Company acquired the exclusive rights to distribute the ESM™ in the United Kingdom, Spain, Portugal, and the Middle East from T.E.C.C. Services Ltd. ("TECC") (note 7).

c. Intangible Assets from Smartcool UK

In February 2011, the Company acquired intangible assets in relation to the acquisition of Smartcool UK. These intangible assets include the distribution rights of the ESM™ in the United Kingdom, the distribution right related to sales to a major customer and a customer relationship.

d. SmartACR Intellectual Property and Customer Relationship

In February 2015, the Company acquired \$25,000 of intangible assets in relation to the termination of a license agreement (note 10). These intangible assets included intellectual property (\$25,000) and a customer relationship (\$Nil).

6. Loans and Advances

Advances

To finance its operations, the Company has received advances from investors:

1. During 2015 and 2016, the Company received advances totaling \$320,000 from an investor. These advances bear interest at 1% per month and are secured by promissory notes that were due on October 31, 2015. The principal balance outstanding at December 31, 2016 can be converted into shares of the Company, by the investor, at the conversion price of \$0.06 per share. As at July 31, 2017, the outstanding balance of these advances, including accrued interests, was \$394,589. In August 2017 the Company entered into a shares-for-debt agreement with this creditor. On October 17, 2017, the Company issued 7,891,774 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share and extinguished the debt of \$394,589. These common shares are subject to a statutory hold period of four months and one day which expires on February 18, 2018 (note (9)(d)).

2. In September 2016, the Company received an advance of \$46,368 (US \$35,000) from an investor. This advance is secured by a promissory note and bears interest at 1% from September 27, 2016 to the repayment date on November 27, 2016. Any unpaid balance after maturity bears interest at 2% per month.
3. In November 2016, the Company received an advance of \$20,000 from an investor. This advance was secured by a promissory note and bore interest of \$4,000 from November 22, 2016 to the repayment date on March 22, 2017. Any unpaid balance after maturity bore interest at 2% per month. This \$20,000 advance plus \$4,800 interest was repaid on May 23, 2017.
4. In December 2016, the Company received another advance of \$20,000 from the investor in 4. This advance was secured by a promissory note and bore no interest from December 28, 2016 to the repayment date on March 28, 2017. Any unpaid balance after maturity bore interest at 2% per month. This advance was repaid on February 23, 2017.
5. In July 2017, the Company received an advance of \$25,000 from an investor. This advance is secured by a promissory note and bears interest at 1% from August 1, 2017 with no specific repayment date.

These advances are summarized as follows:

	Maturity Date	Funds Advanced	Prepaid Interest	Accrued Interest	Foreign Exchange	Balance
Loan 3	November 27, 2016	\$46,368	-	\$10,147	(\$3,109)	\$53,406
Loan 6	Open	25,000	-	500	-	25,500
		\$71,368	\$0	\$8,094	(\$3,109)	\$78,906

In August 2017, the Company also received an advance of \$18,771 from management. This advance was repaid in November 2017.

At September 30, 2017, the carrying amount of these advances was as follows:

Funds advanced in 2015	\$262,000
Discount, beginning prepaid interest withheld	8,000
Accrued interest	6,450
Foreign exchange	-
Balance, December 31, 2015	276,450
Funds advanced	134,368
Discount, beginning prepaid interest withheld	2,000
Accrued interest	45,543
Foreign exchange	628
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$458,989
Principal payment	(40,000)
Interest payment	(4,800)
Accrued interest	38,043
Funds advanced	43,771
Shares conversion	(394,589)
Foreign exchange	(3,737)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$97,677

Secured Short-Term Loan

In December 2016, the Company entered into a lending arrangement with a factoring firm whereby the Company pledged a specific trade receivable as security and received an advance of \$26,202 (GBP 14,200), with full recourse against the Company. The factoring fee was set at GBP 9,600 per annum, as a minimum.

At September 30, 2017, the loan balance was \$3,183. The interest charged during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$12,632 (September 30, 2016 - \$Nil) and is recorded within finance expense in the statement of operations.

7. Obligations Under Acquisition Contracts

TECC Services

In July 2008, the Company acquired the exclusive rights to distribute the ESM™ in the United Kingdom, Spain, Portugal, and the Middle East from TECC. Consideration of \$1,738,750 (£1,035,000) was payable in cash and \$532,067 (£265,000) was payable in common shares of the Company. As at December 10, 2013, the balance of \$886,714 (£508,217), including accrued interest of \$145,181 (£83,217), was outstanding. The Company negotiated a debt reduction and the outstanding obligation was extinguished and replaced with two new obligations (TECC 1 and TECC 2). The fair values of TECC 1 and TECC 2 were determined by discounting the future payments at 16%.

Smartcool UK

In February 2011, the Company acquired the business of Smartcool UK for total cash consideration of \$4,410,745 (£2,840,438) and some non-cash consideration (note 6). As at December 10, 2013, the principal balance of \$1,744,600 (£1,000,000), including accrued interest of \$285,274 (£163,517), was outstanding. The Company negotiated a debt reduction and the outstanding obligation was extinguished and replaced with two new obligations (UK 1 and UK 2). The fair values of UK 1 and UK 2 were determined by discounting the future payments at 10%.

These obligations are being accreted to their face value over their term. The accretion charge for the period is recorded within finance expense in the statement of operations.

These obligations are to be repaid as follows:

- £130,000 (\$215,332) in five instalments of £26,000 on December 15, 2014 and June 15, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018;
- £76,000 (\$125,886) in five instalments of £19,000 on December 15, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2018; and
- £25,000 (\$41,411) in 2016.

£206,000 (\$341,218) of this debt is secured by non-interest bearing promissory notes and £25,000 (\$41,411) is unsecured. These balances may be repaid at any time or from time-to-time without notice, bonus or penalty. Because the Company failed to make payments for UK 1 as

required, the Company is obligated to pay the creditor, at the discretion of the creditor, an amount equal to £1,300,000 minus any payments made. To date, the creditor has not requested payment of this amount.

At September 30, 2017, the carrying amount of these obligations under acquisition contracts was as follows:

	TECC 1	TECC 2	UK 1	UK 2	Total
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$188,053	\$88,840	\$63,249	\$46,077	\$386,219
Payments	-	-	(19,091)	-	(19,091)
Debt settlement (note 9 b))	-	(24,510)	-	(11,590)	(36,100)
Accretion	21,161	11,373	-	3,800	36,334
Foreign exchange	25,051	10,036	6,860	5,220	47,167
Balance, December 31, 2015	234,265	85,739	51,018	43,507	414,529
Accretion	14,336	8,002	-	2,613	24,951
Foreign exchange	(44,881)	(16,525)	(9,608)	(8,317)	(79,331)
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$203,720	\$77,216	\$41,410	\$37,803	\$360,149
Accretion	7,275	4,186	-	1,336	12,797
Foreign exchange	1,848	698	380	343	3,269
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$212,843	\$82,100	\$41,790	\$39,482	\$376,215
Current portion	212,843	61,164	41,790	29,485	345,282
Long-term portion	\$-	\$20,936	\$-	\$9,997	\$30,933

Principal	\$217,308	\$ 86,255	\$ 41,790	\$ 40,787	\$ 386,140
Future accretion	(4,465)	(4,155)	(-)	(1,305)	(9,925)
Carrying amount	\$ 212,843	\$ 82,100	\$41,790	\$ 39,482	\$376,215

8. Debentures

There were 71 debenture units outstanding at maturity on March 1, 2015. The Company was unable to redeem them or make interest payments as scheduled. The Company approached the debenture holders with an offer to extend the maturity date of the debentures to March 31, 2016, with the outstanding principal plus accrued interest becoming the new principal balance. Two debenture holders (representing 9 units) with an outstanding balance totaling \$31,116 did not agree to extend the terms of their debentures. 12 debenture holders (representing 62 units) with an outstanding balance totaling \$238,546 agreed to extend the terms of their debentures. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the debenture extension agreement, the debentures are unsecured and interest on the principal balance outstanding shall accrue at the rate of 12% per annum and is payable monthly, commencing April 1, 2015. A principal pre-payment amount (not-defined) was due on September 30, 2015. This amount was not paid and the Company was in default at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. On May 1, 2017, principal payment of \$40,758 was made and on June 1, 2017 a principal payment of \$40,758 was made. The Company also issued 238,546 share purchase warrants to the debenture holders.

The terms and conditions of the refinanced debentures were not significantly different from the original terms and conditions and no gain or loss on debt extension was recognized. The refinanced principal balance of \$238,546 was allocated between the fair values of the liability component (\$216,231) and the equity component relating to the share purchase warrants (\$22,315) using the residual method. The liability component is measured at amortized cost. The \$22,315 was credited to the reserve for equity settled share-based transactions.

In November 2016, the Company and 5 debenture holders (representing 35 units) with an outstanding balance totaling \$159,785 entered into an amending agreement whereby the maturity date was extended to March 31, 2017 and a General Security Agreement over the assets of the Company was granted to these debtors.

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, accrued interest expense was \$2,865, principal payments were \$81,516 and interest payments were \$1,222.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, accrued interest expense was \$16,341 principal payments were \$163,031 and interest payments were \$32,931. The interest charge is recorded within finance expense in the statement of operations.

At September 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the debentures was as follows:

Maturity date	March 1, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017	Total
Balance, January 1, 2015	\$259,470	\$-	\$-	\$259,470
Amended debentures	(238,546)	238,546	-	-
Fair value of share purchase	-	(22,315)	-	(22,315)
Accrued interest	12,332	40,779	-	53,111
Interest payments	(699)	(18,860)	-	(19,559)
Principal payments	(16,000)	-	-	(16,000)
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$16,557	\$238,150	\$-	\$254,707
Amended debentures	-	(159,785)	159,785	-
Accrued interest	1,814	14,910	18,798	35,522
Interest payments	-	(917)	-	(917)
Principal payments	-	(8,738)	-	(8,738)
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$18,371	\$83,620	\$178,583	\$280,574
Accrued interest	1,140	6,584	8,617	16,341
Interest payments	(2,383)	-	(30,548)	(32,931)
Principal payments	(6,379)	-	(156,652)	(163,031)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 10,749	\$ 90,204	\$-	\$ 100,953
Current portion	\$ 10,749	\$ 90,204	\$-	\$ 100,953
Long-term portion	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-

Maturity date	March 1, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2017	Total
Principal	\$ 8,739	\$73,155	\$-	\$ 90,204
Accrued interest	2,010	17,049	-	10,749
Balance owing and carrying	\$ 10,749	\$ 90,204	\$-	\$ 100,953

9. Issued Capital and Equity Reserve

Authorized

Unlimited common shares without par value

100,000,000 Class A preferred shares

100,000,000 Class B preferred shares

a. Issued common shares

	Shares	Amount
Balance, January 1, 2015	89,017,297	30,733,413
Issued via private placements	28,450,000	736,196
Issued for debt settlement	4,630,440	231,522
Share issuance costs	-	(28,447)
Balance, December 31, 2015	122,097,737	31,672,684
Warrants exercised – pending in 2015	545,000	27,250
Issued – pending in 2015 (i)	500,000	25,000
Reclassification of fair value of exercised warrants	-	4,387
Issued via private placements (ii)(iii)(iv)(v)	18,200,000	383,017
Cancelled (vi)	(500,000)	(16,642)
Share issuance costs (ii)(iii)(iv)(v)	-	(13,834)
Balance, December 31, 2016	140,842,737	\$ 32,081,862
Issued via private placements (vii)(ix)(x)(xi)	33,374,066	481,555
Warrants exercised (xxii)		
Share issuance costs (vii)(ix)	-	(21,663)
Warrant amendment (viii)	-	(399,215)
Balance, September 30, 2017	174,216,803	\$32,142,539

- i. On February 15, 2016, the Company issued 500,000 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share to SmartACR pursuant to a license termination agreement (note 10).
- ii. On May 5, 2016, the Company issued 6,600,000 Units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$165,000. Of this amount, \$136,793 was allocated to share capital and \$28,207 to share purchase warrants (note 9(c)(i)). Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$4,026 and agent warrant issuance costs of \$800 for 128,000 agent warrants issued were allocated to common shares.

- iii. On June 21, 2016, the Company issued 5,400,000 Units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$135,000. Of this amount, \$111,922 was allocated to share capital and \$23,078 to share purchase warrants (note 9(c)(ii)). Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$6,150 were allocated to common shares.
- iv. On September 19, 2016, the Company issued 5,400,000 Units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$135,000. Of this amount, \$116,973 was allocated to share capital and \$18,027 to share purchase warrants (note 9(c)(iii)). Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$2,489 were allocated to common shares.
- v. On September 29, 2016, the Company issued 800,000 Units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$20,000. Of this amount, \$17,329 was allocated to share capital and \$2,671 to share purchase warrants (note 11(c)(iv)). Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$369 were allocated to common shares.
- vi. On September 28, 2016, 500,000 shares were cancelled and returned to treasury because the outstanding proceeds of \$25,000 had not been received. Of this amount, \$16,642 was allocated to share capital and \$8,358 to share purchase warrants.
- vii. On March 15, 2017, the Company issued 20,000,000 Units at \$0.02 per unit pursuant to a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$400,000. Of this amount, \$255,400 was allocated to share capital and \$144,600 to share purchase warrants (note 9(c)(v)). Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$6,064 and agent warrant issuance costs of \$794 for 248,000 agent warrants issued were allocated to common shares.
- viii. On February 3, 2017, the Company amended the expiry dates and exercise prices of certain warrants. The fair value of these warrants increased by \$399,215 as a result. Share purchase warrants increased accordingly and Share capital decreased by the same amount. See note 9(c)(vi).
- ix. On June 30, 2017, the Company issued 13,374,066 units at \$0.03 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$401,222. On July 7, 2017, the Company issued 3,292,600 units in the second tranche for gross proceeds of \$98,778. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.05 per warrant share for five years after closing. Of these proceeds, \$282,458 was allocated to share capital and \$217,542 to share purchase warrants. Cash issuance costs of \$11,025 and agent warrant cost of \$10,314 for 487,200 warrants issued were allocated to common shares.
- x. On September 1, 2017, the Company issued 5,800,000 units at \$0.05 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$290,000.

On September 8, 2017, the Company issued 2,200,000 units in the second tranche for gross proceeds of \$110,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.07 per warrant share for two years after closing. Of these proceeds, \$245,650 was allocated to share capital and \$154,350 to share purchase warrants. Cash issuance costs of \$13,388 and agent warrant cost of \$9,653 for 232,000 warrants issued were allocated to common shares.

- xi.** In August 2017, 487,200 agent warrants were exercised at the price of \$0.03 for total consideration of \$14,616. The same number of common shares was issued on August 21, 2017.
- xii.** In September 2017, 100,000 warrants were exercised at the price of \$0.05 for total consideration of \$5,000. The same number of common shares was issued on September 8, 2017.

b. Stock options

Under the Company's stock option plan, the Company may grant stock options to employees, directors, officers and consultants. The maximum number of shares to be awarded under the plan is 23,885,547, as approved by the shareholders at the Company's 2015 Annual General Meeting. In 2010, the stock option plan was amended to extend the option term to a maximum period of ten years.

As at September 30, 2017, 22,495,200 options were outstanding. These options have vesting period of 5 years and a weighted average exercise price of \$0.05. A summary of the Company's stock option activity for employees, directors, officers and consultants is as follows:

	Number of share options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, January 1, 2015	6,215,000	\$0.07
Granted	8,070,000	0.05
Forfeited and cancelled	(500,000)	0.05
Expired or exercised	(1,370,000)	0.10
Balance, December 31, 2015	12,415,000	\$0.05
Granted	75,000	0.05
Expired or exercised	(545,000)	0.10
Balance, December 31, 2016	11,945,000	\$0.05
Granted	12,575,000	0.05
Expired or exercised	(2,025,000)	0.06
Balance, September 30, 2017	22,495,000	\$0.05

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, 5,075,000 (2016 – 75,000) options with a weighted average fair value \$0.034 were granted to directors, officers and employees and 7,500,000 options with the same fair value were granted to consultants. None of these options had an exercise price lower than the stock price at the date of the grant.

Share-based payments for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$196,780 (September 2016 - \$5,702). Share-based payments for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$197,085 (September 2016 - \$36,983), of which \$79,768 (2016 - \$25,410) was related to directors, officers and employees and \$117,317 (2016 - \$11,573) was related to consultants.

c. Share purchase warrants

- i. On May 5, 2016, the Company issued 6,600,000 Units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$165,000. Of this amount, \$136,793 was allocated to share capital and \$28,207 to share purchase warrants. Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$1,146 were allocated to share purchase warrants. The Company also issued 128,000 agent warrants valued at \$800 pursuant to this private placement tranche.
- ii. On June 21, 2016, the Company issued 5,400,000 Units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$135,000. Of this amount, \$111,922 was allocated to share capital and \$23,078 to share purchase warrants. Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$938 were allocated to share purchase warrants.

- iii. On September 19, 2016, the Company issued 5,400,000 units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$135,000. Of this amount, \$116,973 was allocated to share capital and \$18,027 to share purchase warrants. Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$444 were allocated to share purchase warrants.
- iv. On September 29, 2016, the Company issued 800,000 units at \$0.025 per unit pursuant to the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$20,000. Of this amount, \$17,329 was allocated to share capital and \$2,671 to share purchase warrants. Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant.
- v. On March 15, 2017, the Company issued 20,000,000 Units at \$0.02 per unit pursuant to a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$400,000. Of this amount, \$255,400 was allocated to share capital and \$144,600 to share purchase warrants. Each Unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Cash issuance costs of \$3,411 and agent warrant issuance costs of \$446 for 248,000 agent warrants issued were allocated to warrants.
- vi. On February 3, 2017, the Company amended the expiry dates and exercise prices of certain warrants, as follows:

Warrants	Grant date	Original expiry date	Amended expiry date	Original exercise price	Amended exercise price
9,455,000	January 28, 2015	January 28, 2017	January 28, 2020	\$0.05	No change
11,280,000	May 4, 2015	May 4, 2017	May 4, 2020	\$0.10	\$0.05
6,600,000	May 5, 2016	May 5, 2017	May 5, 2021	\$0.05	No change
5,400,000	June 21, 2016	June 21, 2017	June 21, 2021	\$0.05	No change
5,400,000	September 19, 2016	September 19, 2017	September 19, 2021	\$0.05	No change
800,000	September 29, 2016	September 29, 2017	September 29, 2021	\$0.05	No change

The fair value of the amended warrants increased by \$399,215, as a result. Share purchase warrants increased and Share capital decreased by this amount.

- vii. On June 30, 2017, the Company issued 13,374,066 units at \$0.03 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$401,222. On July 7, 2017, the Company issued 3,292,600 units in the second tranche for gross proceeds of \$98,778. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.05 per warrant share for five years after closing. Of these proceeds, \$282,458 was allocated to share capital and \$217,542 to share purchase warrants. Cash issuance costs of \$4,781 and agent warrant cost of \$3,815 for 487,200 agent warrants issued were allocated to warrants. Each agent warrant entitles the holder to purchase a broker unit for a price of \$0.03 for two year after closing. A broker unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.05 per warrant for five years after closing date.

- viii. On September 1, 2017, the Company issued 5,800,000 units at \$0.05 per unit pursuant to the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$290,000. On September 8, 2017, the Company issued 2,200,000 units in the second tranche for gross proceeds of \$110,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.07 per warrant share for two years after closing. Of these proceeds, \$245,650 was allocated to share capital and \$154,350 to share purchase warrants. Cash issuance costs of \$8,559 and agent warrant cost of \$6,171 for 232,000 agent units issued were allocated to warrants. Each agent warrant entitles the holder to purchase a broker unit for a price of \$0.05 for two year after closing. A broker unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.05 per warrant for five years after closing date.

As at September 30, 2017, there were 83,981,666 (December 31, 2016 – 43,175,000) outstanding warrants with a weighted average share price of \$0.05 (December 31, 2016 - \$0.07).

A summary of the Company's reserve for equity settled share-based transactions is as follows:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average share price
Balance, January 1, 2015	5,216,000	\$0.10
Issued – private placements	28,450,000	0.09
Issued – agent warrants	112,000	0.10
Issued – debentures	238,546	0.06
Expired, exercised or cancelled	(5,216,000)	0.10
Balance, December 31, 2015	28,800,546	\$0.08
Issued – private placements	18,200,000	0.05
Issued – agent warrants	128,000	0.05
Expired, exercised or cancelled	(3,953,546)	0.09
Balance, December 31, 2016	43,175,000	\$0.07
Issued – private placements	44,914,666	0.05
Issued – agent warrants	719,200	0.04
Expired, exercised or cancelled	(4,827,200)	0.05
Balance, September 30, 2017	83,981,666	\$0.06

Expiry date	Number of shares	Exercise price	Weighted average contractual life (years)
September 1, 2019	5,800,000	\$0.07	1.92
September 1, 2019	200,000	\$0.05	1.92
September 8, 2019	2,200,000	\$0.07	1.94
September 8, 2019	32,000	\$0.05	1.94
January 28, 2020	9,355,000	\$0.05	2.58
March 15, 2020	20,248,000	\$0.05	2.71
May 4, 2020	11,280,000	\$0.05	2.85
May 5, 2021	6,600,000	\$0.05	3.85
June 21, 2021	5,400,000	\$0.05	3.98
September 19, 2021	5,400,000	\$0.05	4.22
September 29, 2021	800,000	\$0.05	4.25
June 30, 2022	13,374,066	\$0.05	5.00
July 7, 2022	3,292,600	\$0.05	4.77
Balance, September 30, 2017	83,981,666	\$0.05	3.63

d) Share pending issue

In August 2017 the Company entered into a shares-for-debt agreement with a creditor. On October 17, 2017, the Company issued 7,891,774 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share and extinguished a debt of \$394,589 (note 6).

10. Income Taxes

The Company's operations are conducted in a number of countries with complex tax legislation and regulations pertaining to the Company's activities. Any reassessment of the Company's tax filings by the tax authorities may result in material adjustments to net income or loss, tax assets and non-capital loss carry-forwards.

In assessing the ability to realize deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized. As management believes there is uncertainty regarding the realization of these deferred tax assets, they have been classified as unrecognized tax assets as at December 31, 2016.

At December 31, 2016, the Company has unused non-capital losses of approximately \$22,297,000 available to offset taxable income of future years. The non-capital losses will expire as follows:

	Canada	International	USA	UK	Total
Tax rate	26%	2.5%	40%	20%	
2016	\$1,023,014	\$-	\$-	\$-	1,023,014
2027	1,732,657	-	1,267,037	-	2,999,694
2028	1,127,657	-	2,188,026	-	3,315,683
2029	2,501,267	-	1,117,169	-	3,618,436
2030	910,879	-	1,102,960	-	2,013,839
2031	786,254	-	609,086	-	1,395,340
2032	400,145	-	236,380	-	636,525
2033	189,678	-	93,801	-	283,479
2034	3,775,936	1,518,362	-	-	5,294,298
2035	371,521	-	-	140,563	512,084
2036	877,113	101,452	43,612	182,506	1,204,683
	\$13,696,121	\$1,619,814	\$6,658,071	\$323,069	\$22,297,075

Deferred Tax Liabilities

The Company recorded deferred tax liabilities of \$1,078,565 as a result of the acquisition of Smartcool UK assets in February 2011. As at September 30, 2017, the deferred tax liability was \$113,337 (December 31, 2016 - \$151,425).

11. Segmented Information

The Company installs, distributes, markets and sells the ECO3 and ESM™ products and peripherals. Revenue from the ECO3 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$111,356 (September 30, 2016 - \$53,684) and revenue for the ESM™ solution was \$543,923 (September 30, 2016 - \$197,213).

The Company operates in one segment. Revenue was derived from customers located in the following geographical regions:

	Three months ended September 30, 2017		Three months ended September 30, 2016	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Americas	\$ 19,491	6	\$12,271	15
Europe, Middle East, Africa	288,047	94	69,276	85
Total revenue	\$ 307,538	100	\$81,547	100

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017		Nine months ended September 30, 2016	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Americas	\$117,748	18	\$69,773	28
Europe, Middle East, Africa	537,530	82	181,124	72
Total revenue	\$655,279	100	\$250,897	100

Revenue per region was determined based on the location of the customer or their billing address.

12. Commitments

Consulting Agreements

In December 2014, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Maxwell Mercantile Inc., an independent contractor, effective January 1, 2015. The contractor will provide management services to Smartcool in the role of Chief Executive Officer for a monthly fee of \$15,000. He is entitled to receive an annual bonus equal to 5% of all sales revenue in excess of \$1,500,000 per fiscal year or 10% of EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization) in excess of \$300,000 per fiscal year, whichever is greater. The agreement has a twelve month-term with automatic renewals of additional twelve month terms unless either party gives 60 days written notice to the other of its intention not to renew. This agreement may be terminated by the Company upon payment of a termination fee of 12 times the monthly fee.

On April 1, 2015, the Company, through Smartcool USA, entered into a consulting agreement with Sand Dollar Management Inc., an independent contractor. The contractor is providing general management of the direct sale and installation of products to customer sites located in California, USA. The contractor will receive a monthly consulting fee equal to the lesser of 20% of gross revenues (as defined) and 40% of gross profits of the business unit (as defined). Pursuant to the agreement, the contractor was granted 2,000,000 stock options. These options vest in four equal instalments of 500,000 commencing on the date of grant and then six, 12 and 18 months thereafter. The agreement has a three-year term with automatic renewals of additional three-year terms unless either party gives 30 days written notice to the other of its intention not to renew. In the event that a change of control occurs and the Company terminates the agreement for any reason other than for cause, the Company must pay a lump sum termination fee equal to the amount of the consulting fee earned by the contractor during the 12 month period immediately preceding the date of termination.

13. Related Party Transactions

Trading Transactions

The Company's related parties consist of companies owned by executive officers and directors and key management as follows:

	Nature of Transaction
Maxwell Mercantile	Management services
Brad Nightingale Consulting	Consulting services
Global Telematic Solutions	Administration services

The Company incurred the following expenses in connection with the companies owned by key management and directors. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

	Note	Three months ended Sep 30, 2017	Three months ended Sep 30, 2016	Nine months ended Sep 30, 2017	Nine months ended Sep 30, 2016
Consulting fees	(i)	\$3,717	\$10,320	\$3,717	\$32,772
Management fees	(ii)	45,000	45,000	135,000	135,000
Administration	(iii)	3,788	-	11,823	-
		\$52,505	\$55,320	\$150,540	\$167,772

- i. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, consulting fees of \$3,170 were charged by a company with common directors (September 30, 2016 - \$10,320 and \$32,772).
- ii. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, management fees of \$45,000 and \$135,000 were charged by a company with common directors (September 30, 2016 - \$45,000 and \$135,000).
- iii. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, administration fees of \$3,788 and \$11,823 were charged by a company with common directors (September 30, 2016 - \$Nil).

Due to/from Related Parties

Included in trade and other receivables is \$5,000 due from the former President as at September 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$5,000) related to an advance for travel expenses. The amount is unsecured, non-interest bearing and has no fixed terms of repayment (Note 3).

Included in trade payables and accruals is \$368,851 due to related parties as at September 30, 2017 (December 31, 2016 - \$428,333) as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
CEO and President	\$ 87,368	\$80,585
Former President	73,255	97,880
Chief Financial Officer	28,653	63,167
Executive VP	61,714	77,352
VP of Operations	28,389	-
Former VP of Operations	72,000	83,838
Other related parties	17,472	25,511
Total	\$ 368,851	\$428,333

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

14. Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments

The Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

	Sep 30, 2017	Dec 31, 2016
Financial assets		
FVTPL , measured at fair value:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 67,257	\$3,317
Available-for-sale, measured at fair value:		
Securities	6,316	8,210
Loans and receivables, measured at amortized cost:		
Trade and other receivables	591,264	201,232
	\$664,837	\$212,759
Other financial liabilities, measured at amortized cost		
Trade payables and accruals	\$892,354	\$ 837,349
Loans and advances	100,860	485,191
Acquisition obligations and debentures	477,168	640,723
	\$1,470,382	\$ 1,963,263

Interest and accretion charged on loans, obligations under acquisition contracts and debentures are recognized in finance expense in the statement of operations.

Unrealized gain or loss on investment in securities is recognized in other comprehensive income.

Financial instruments recorded at fair value are measured using a three-level fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: fair value is determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2: fair value is determined based on inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant outputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: fair value is determined based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade payables and accruals, loans and advances, obligations under acquisition contracts and debentures approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Financial Risk Management

The Company is exposed to certain financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and foreign currency risk.

a. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments with high credit quality financial institutions. To mitigate credit risk with respect to trade receivables the Company subjects all major customer accounts to its credit evaluation process.

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had \$591,264 (December 31, 2016 - \$201,232) in trade and other receivables which were subject to credit risk (note 3).

b. Liquidity risk

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. Liquidity risk results from the Company's inability to meet its financial obligations when they become due. As part of the risk management process, the Board approves the Company's annual operating and capital budgets as well as any material transactions outside the ordinary course of business. To ensure that the Company has sufficient liquidity to meet its current obligations in the next 12 months, measures have been taken to increase cash resources (note 1).

The timing of future payments related to financial liabilities is outlined in the table below:

	Total	1 year	1-2 years
Trade payables	\$ 892,354	\$ 892,354	\$-
Loans and advances	100,860	100,860	-
Obligations under acquisition	376,215	345,282	30,933
Debentures	100,953	100,953	-
Total	\$ 1,470,382	\$ 1,439,449	\$ 30,933

c. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates, will affect the Company's income or valuation of its financial instruments.

d. Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currency as most of its international distribution transactions are settled in U.S. dollars, Australian dollars, Canadian dollars and British pounds. The Company's net income or loss and cash flow will therefore be affected by fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. None of these risks has been mitigated through the use of foreign currency forward contracts.

As at September 30, 2017, the Company's monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are as follows:

	USD	AUD	GBP
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,108	\$-	£-
Trade and other receivables	87,217	-	-
Total	\$91,325	\$-	£-
Liabilities			
Trade payables and accruals	\$182,822	\$5,399	£57,693
Acquisition obligations	-	-	122,000
Total	\$182,822	\$5,399	£269,693

The following table demonstrates the effect of exchange rate movement on net income or loss due to gains and losses on the revaluation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies:

Gain (loss) on \$0.10 increase in CAD	USD	AUD	GBP
Monetary assets	(\$9,133)	\$-	£-
Monetary liabilities	18,282	540	26,969
Net gain (loss)	\$9,149	\$540	£26,969
Gain (loss) on \$0.10 decrease in CAD	USD	AUD	GBP
Monetary assets	\$9,133	\$-	£-
Monetary liabilities	(18,282)	(540)	(26,969)
Net gain (loss)	(\$9,149)	(\$540)	(£26,969)

15. General and Administrative Expenses

	Three months ended September 30, 2017	Three months ended September 30, 2016
Advertising and promotion	\$10,042	\$830
Consulting & management fees	202,734	80,873
Filing and transfer fees	1,409	(377)
Insurance	2,809	5,477
Interest	4,744	55
Investor relations	3,275	1,495
Product certification	5,179	534
Professional fees	50,872	8,354
Office and supplies	6,763	5,625
Rent	2,734	2,105
Salaries and benefits	106,499	143,755
Telephone	3,111	4,710
Travelling	32,922	15,608
Total general & administrative expenses	\$433,092	\$269,044

	Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Nine months ended September 30, 2016
Advertising and promotion	\$14,981	1,242
Commissions	-	6,628
Consulting and management fees	375,067	243,325
Filing and transfer fees	11,839	25,755
Insurance	8,762	10,695
Interest	4,694	4,314
Investor relations	20,763	7,325
Product certification	6,912	3,231
Professional fees	71,834	18,985
Office and supplies	34,465	21,628
Rent	7,290	21,465
Salaries and benefits	358,055	387,167
Telephone	7,778	13,187
Travelling	90,291	46,731
Total general and administrative expenses	\$1,012,732	\$811,678

16. Capital Management

The Company's capital structure includes debentures and shareholders' equity consisting of share capital, reserve for equity settled share-based transactions and deficit. As at September 30, 2017, the principal amount of the debenture component plus interest payable was \$100,953 (December 31, 2016 - \$280,574) and shareholders' equity was \$146,517 (December 31, 2016 – Shareholders' deficiency \$625,196). The increase in shareholders' deficiency was attributable to primarily capital raised through private placements 2017.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- to effectively finance its operations and growth by meeting its operating and capital expenditure budgets;
- to maintain financial flexibility in order to meet financial obligations, including obligations under acquisition contracts;
- to ensure its ability to carry out its strategic plans and take advantage of acquisition opportunities; and
- to provide an appropriate investment return to its shareholders and maintain investor, creditor and market confidence.

To ensure that the Company continues to be a going concern with adequate working capital in the next 12 months steps have been taken to monitor expenses, grow revenue and arrange for additional capital financing.

The Company is not subject to any external capital restrictions.

17. Subsequent Events

Financing

On August 3, 2017, the Company announced the commencement of a non-brokered private placement of up to 5,000 units at a price of \$1,000 per unit to raise up to \$5,000,000. Each unit will be comprised of one 8% unsecured non-convertible debenture and 1,000 common shares of the Company. The debentures will bear interest at a rate of 8% per annum, payable monthly in arrears and is anticipated to mature on December 31, 2020. The debentures will be non-convertible, non-redeemable and non-transferable. The debentures partially comprising the units are not and will not be listed on any stock exchange or market. The common shares comprising the units will be subject to resale restrictions imposed by law, including a regulatory resale restriction for four months and one day from their date of issuance. The Company has engaged Ascenta Finance Corp. ("Ascenta") to effect sales of the units or to find purchasers of the units. The Company has agreed to pay a commission or finder's fee to Ascenta of 8% cash and 8% broker warrants of the gross proceeds from the sale of units to purchasers introduced by Ascenta. The Company intends to make the offering by way of private placement in Canada but the units may be offered in other jurisdictions where they can be issued exempt from any

prospectus, registration or other similar requirements. The offering is subject to certain conditions including, but not limited to, the approval of the TSX Venture Exchange.

On November 7, 2017, the Company closed the first tranche of the private placement, issuing 451 units of debenture and 451,000 common shares for gross proceeds of \$451,000.

Debt Settlement

On August 10, 2017 the Company entered into a shares-for-debt agreement with a creditor. On October 17, 2017, the Company issued 7,891,774 common shares at a deemed price of \$0.05 per share and extinguished a debt of \$394,589. These common shares are subject to a statutory hold period of four months and one day which expires on February 18, 2018.